



Scheme of Teaching and Examinations-2025
Outcome-Based Education (OBE) and Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS)
(Effective from the academic year 2025-26)

I Semester					(Chemistry Group)								
Sl. No	Course and Course Code		Course Title	TD/PSB	Teaching Hours/Week				Examination				Credits
					Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	SAAE	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	
					L	T	P	S					
1	ASC	1BMATx101	Applied Mathematics-I (Stream Specific)	Maths Dept	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	04
2	ASC(IC)	1BCHEx102	Applied Chemistry (Stream Specific)	CHE Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
3	ETC	1BAIA103/ BETC105x	Introduction to AI and Applications	Any Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
4	ESC	1BESC104x	Engineering Science Course I	Respective Engg Dept	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	03
5	PLC(IC)	1BPLC105x	Programming Language Course	CSE & allied Dept	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	04
6	AEC	1BENG106	Communication Skills	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		02	50	50	100	01
7	AEC (NCMC)	1BICO107	Indian Constitution & Engineering Ethics	Humanities Dept	1	0	0		--	100	--	100	PP
8	AEC/SDC	1BIDTL158	Innovation and Design Thinking Lab (Project-based learning)	Any Dept	0	0	2		02	50	50	100	01
	TOTAL				17	02	07		20	450	350	800	20
9	AICTE Activity Points (students have to earn 100 activity points between 01 to 08 semesters)				Compulsory requirement for the award of a degree								
ASC-Applied Science Course, ESC- Engineering Science Courses, IC – Integrated Course (Practical Course Integrated with Theory Course), PLC(IC)- Programming Language Course (Integrated Course), AEC- Ability Enhancement Course, NCMC: Non Credit Mandatory Course, AEC/SDC- Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Development course, TD/PSB- Teaching Department / Paper Setting Board, S- (SAAE)-Students’ Academic Activity Engagement Hours, CIE –Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE- Semester End Examination, PP : (Pass/Pass) is assigned to a noncredit course. “PP” represents pass in a course provided students have successfully completed the CIE requirements. Otherwise, “NP-not pass shall be awarded. “PP” is essential for the award of the degree													
Credit Definition:													
1-hour Lecture (L) per week=1Credit				04-Credit courses are designed for 50 hours of Teaching-Learning sessions									
2-hoursTutorial(T) per week=1Credit				04-Credit (IC) courses are designed for 40 hours’ theory and 10-12 hours of practical sessions									
2-hours Practical / Drawing (P) per week=1Credit				03-Credit courses are designed for 40 hours of Teaching-Learning Session									
				02- Credit courses are designed for 25 hours of Teaching-Learning Session									
				01-Credit courses are designed for 12 hours of Teaching-Learning sessions									

Applied Mathematics-I					Applied Chemistry				
Code	Title	L	T	P	Code	Title	L	T	P
1BMATC101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: CV Stream	3	2	0	1BCHEC102	Applied Chemistry for Sustainable Structure & Material Design (CV)	3	0	2
1BMATM101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra: ME Stream	3	2	0	1BCHEM102	Applied Chemistry for Advanced Metal Protection and Sustainable Energy Systems (ME)	3	0	2
1BMATE101	Differential Calculus and Linear Algebra; EEE stream	3	2	0	1BCHEE102	Applied Chemistry for Emerging Electronics and Futuristic Devices (EEE, ECE)	3	0	2
1BMATS101	Calculus And Linear Algebra: CSE stream	3	2	0	1BCHEC102	Applied Chemistry for Smart Systems (CSE)	3	0	2
Engineering Science Courses-I (ESC-I)					Programming Language Courses (PLC)				
Code	Title	L	T	P	Code	Title	L	T	P
1BESC104A	Building Sciences & Mechanics	3	0	0	1BPLC105E	Introduction to C Programming (For none IT programmes)	3	0	0
1BESC104B	Introduction to Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	1BPLC105B	Python Programming (for CSE and allied programmes)	3	0	0
1BESC104C	Introduction to Electronics and Communication Engineering	3	0	0					
1BESC104D	Introduction to Mechanical Engineering	3	0	0					
1BESC104E	Essentials of Information Technology	3	0	0					
Integrated courses (IC), combining theory with practical components. (i) Theory sessions shall be conducted for 3 hours per week, while the practical sessions shall be conducted for 2 hours per week. (ii)Theory components shall be evaluated through both Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examination (SEE). (iii)The practical component shall be assessed only through CIE.									
The Mathematics/Chemistry courses shall be taught by a single faculty member per session, with no sharing of the course (subject) modules. The tutorial sessions for the mathematics course shall be conducted in the laboratory environment using Maxima/Mathematica/ Python/Scilab/MATLAB software to enhance computational understanding and application skills.									
All students admitted to the engineering program have to complete Applied Mathematics-I and Applied Mathematics-II in I and II semesters by selecting the subjects prescribed for their stream, viz. CV, ME, EEE or CSE, under the heading Mathematics-I and Mathematics-II. Those who have completed the chemistry course under the heading Applied Chemistry in I semester have to select the prescribed stream wise physics course under the heading Applied physics during II semester.									
Engineering Sciences Courses-I (ESC-I): These courses are designed to broaden the technical knowledge of students beyond their core area of study. These courses enable students to gain a foundational understanding of engineering principles from other stream courses. Students are required to select and complete two courses that are not belong to their admitted program stream. For example, a student admitted to the any programme of the Civil Engineering stream should not select Introduction to Building Sciences but any other two. One course shall selected under ESC-I and another course under ESC-II. The two courses must be different from the other.									
Communication Skills: This course shall be conducted in a laboratory environment									

The **Student Induction Programme (SIP)**, initiated by the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), is designed to help newly admitted students in technical institutions transition smoothly into the higher education environment. It aims to familiarize students with the institutional culture, foster connections with peers and faculty, and provide a foundation for holistic learning. Activities under SIP may include Physical Activities, Creative Arts, Universal Human Values, Literary Events, and Proficiency Modules. Lectures shall be by Eminent Personalities, Local Area Visits, Department/Branch Familiarization, and Innovation-related sessions.

The first year of the Engineering programmes is composed of I semester, II semester and Summer Semester. SIP activities shall be scheduled in the afternoon sessions during the first week of class commencement of I and II semesters only.

The specific programmes to be conducted will be notified separately by the University via the academic calendar or through a separate notification.

AICTE Activity Points Requirement for BE/B.Tech. Programmes

As per AICTE guidelines (refer Chapter 6 – *AICTE Activity Point Program, Model Internship Guidelines*), in addition to academic requirements, students must earn a specified number of **Activity Points** to be eligible for the award of the degree. The points to be earned is:

1. **Regular students** admitted to a 4-year degree program must earn **100 Activity Points**.
2. **Lateral entry students** (joining from the second year) must earn **75 Activity Points**.
3. **Students transferred** from other universities directly into the fifth semester must earn **50 Activity Points** from the date of entry into VTU.

These Activity Points are **non-credit** and will not be considered for **the SGPA/CGPA** or be used for **vertical progression**. However, earning Activity Points is mandatory for the **award of the degree**, and the points earned will be reflected on the **eighth semester Grade Card**.

If a student completes all the semesters (eight or six) at the end of the programme but fails to earn the required Activity Points, the eighth-semester Grade Card will be withheld until the requirement is fulfilled. Also, the degree will be awarded only after the Grade Card has been released.

The hours spent earning the activity points will not be counted for regular attendance requirements. Students can accumulate these points at any time during their program period, including weekends, holidays, and vacations, starting from the year of admission, provided they meet the minimum hours of engagement prescribed for each activity by AICTE.

Sl. No	Stream	UG Programmes under the stream with code
1	Civil Engineering Stream (CV)	(1) Civil engineering (CV), (2) Mining Engineering (MI)
2	Mechanical Engineering Stream ME	(1)Aeronautical Engineering (AE), (2)Aerospace Engineering (AS),(3) Agreecultural Engineering (AG),(4)Automation and Robotics (AR), (5)Automobile Engineering (AU), (6)Chemical Engineering (CH), (7) Industrial & Production Engineering (IP), (8)Industrial Engineering & Management (IM), (9) Manufacturing Science and Engineering (MS), (10) Marine Engineering (MR), (11) Mechanical & Smart Manufacturing (MM), (12) Mechanical Engineering (ME), (13)Mechatronics (MT), (14) Petrochem Engineering (PC), (15)Robotics & Automation (RA),(16) Robotics and Artificial Intelligence (RI),(17)Silk Technology (ST), (18) Textile Technology (TX),(19)Energy Engineering (ER),(20) Smart Agritech (SA).
3	Electrical and Electronics Engineering Stream (EEE)	(1)Electronics & Communication Engineering (EC), (2)Biomedical Engineering (BM), (3)Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EE), (4) Electronics & Instrumentation Engineering (EI),(5) Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering (ET),(6) Industrial IoT (IO), (7) Medical Electronics Engineering (ML),(8) Electronics Engineering (VLSI Design and Technology) (VL),(9) Electronics & Communication(Advanced Communication Technology) (EA),(10) Electronics & Computer Engineering (UE).
4	Computer Science and Engineering Stream (CSE)	(1) Computer Science and Engineering (CS), (2)Computer Engineering (CE), (3) Artificial Intelligence and Data Science (AD), (4)Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI),(5)Biotechnology (BT),(6)Computer & Communication Engineering (CM), (7) Computer Science and Business System (CB),(8)Computer Science and Design (CG),(9)Computer Science and Engineering (IoT) (CO), (10)CSE(Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning) (CI),(11) CSE(Artificial Intelligence) (CA),(12) CSE(Cyber Security) (CY), (13)CSE(Data Science) (CD),(14) CSE(IoT and Cyber Security including Block Chain Technology) (IC), (15) Data Science (DS), (16) Information Science & Engineering (IS),(17) Computer Science (CR).

CALCULUS AND LINEAR ALGEBRA		Semester	1
Course Code	1BMATS101	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40Hours Theory + 20Hours Tutorial	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3 hrs
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course Outcomes			
CO1: Apply the concepts of multivariable calculus and vector calculus to compute derivatives, optimize functions, and analyze vector fields for applications in computer science engineering.			
CO2: Solve system of linear equations and determine eigenvalues and eigenvectors using direct and iterative methods.			
CO3: Apply the concepts of vector spaces and linear transformations to problems in computer science engineering.			
CO4: Demonstrate the applications of computer science and allied engineering Science using modern ICT tools.			
Module-1: Calculus		(8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)	
Partial differentiation, total derivative, differentiation of composite functions, Jacobian, Statement of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion for two variables. Maxima and minima for the function of two variables.			
Module-2: Vector Calculus		(8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)	
Scalar and vector fields, Gradient, directional derivatives, divergence and curl - physical interpretation, solenoidal vector fields, irrotational vector fields and scalar potential. Introduction to polar coordinates and polar curves. Curvilinear coordinates: Scale factors, base vectors, Cylindrical polar coordinates, Spherical polar coordinates, transformation between cartesian and curvilinear systems, orthogonality.			
Module-3: System of Linear Equations, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors		(8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)	
Elementary row transformation of a matrix, Echelon form, rank of a matrix. Consistency and solution of system of linear equations: Gauss elimination method, Gauss Jordan method. Applications: Traffic flow. Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, diagonalization of the matrix, modal matrix.			
Module-4: Vector Space		(8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)	
Vector spaces: definition and examples, subspace: definition and examples. Linear Combinations, linear span, linearly independent and dependent sets, basis and dimension, row space and column space of a matrix, Coordinates vector, inner products and orthogonality.			
Module-5: Linear Transformation		(8Hours Theory + 4Hours Tutorial)	
Definition and examples, algebra of linear transformations, matrix of a linear transformation. Singular, non-singular linear transformations and invertible linear transformations. Rank and nullity of linear transformations, Rank-Nullity theorem.			

Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/Reference Book):**Textbooks:**

1. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 44th Ed., 2021.
2. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Cengage Publications, 4th Ed., 2022.
3. Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lipson, Linear Algebra, Schaum's outlines series, 4th Ed., 2008.

Reference books:

1. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed., 2017
2. N. P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, 10th Ed., 2022.
3. James Stewart, Calculus, Cengage Publications, 7th Ed., 2019.
4. David Poole, Linear Algebra, a modern introduction, Cengage publishers, 4th Ed., 2014.
5. David C Lay, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Pearson Publishers, 4th Ed., 2018.
6. Gareth Williams, Linear Algebra with applications, Jones Bartlett Publishers Inc., 6th Ed., 2017.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <http://academicearth.org/>
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106135>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111105160>
- <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-06-linear-algebra-spring-2010/>
- <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/18-02sc-multivariable-calculus-fall-2010/>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied mathematical skills.
2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
6. Show short-related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

The CIE Theory component consists of average of TWO IA tests for 25 marks and Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA) for 25 marks.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted with a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity-1: Tutorial: Practicing problems (Lab Activities/Surprise Test/ Seminar for 15 Marks)

Execute the following lab exercises with the aid of any modern technological tool (Matlab/ Mathematica/ Scilab/ Python/ Maxima, etc).

Learning Activity-2: Assignments (Marks-10).**List of Lab Activities:**

- 1) Finding partial derivatives and Jacobian,
- 2) Expansion of Taylor's and Maclaurin's series,
- 3) Finding Gradient, divergence and curl,
- 4) Finding rank, reduced echelon form, solving system of linear equations using Gauss elimination method,
- 5) Solving system of linear equations using Gauss-Seidel method,
- 6) Determine Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors,
- 7) Linearly Independence and Dependence sets,
- 8) Basis and dimension,
- 9) Linear transformation-range space and null space,
- 10) Verification of the rank nullity theorem.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO/PO Mapping)					
Performance Indicator-2 (CO/PO Mapping)					
...					
Performance Indicator-n (CO/PO Mapping)					

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration

- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

Applied Chemistry for Smart Systems (CSE stream)		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BCHE102/202	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	60	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Descriptive		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Understand the structure, synthesis, and applications of functional materials in memory and display devices.

CO2: Analyze quantum materials, conducting polymers, and their roles in energy and electronic systems.

CO3: Evaluate next-generation energy systems, fuel cells, and green hydrogen technologies.

CO4: Apply concepts of sensors, corrosion control, and green materials in sustainable electronics and e-waste management.

Module-1 Functional Materials for Memory and Display Systems

Memory Devices: Introduction, organic semiconductors; types of organic semiconductors used in memory devices, p-type semiconductor-pentacene and n- type semiconductor -perfluoropentacene, difference between organic and inorganic memory devices, construction, working and advantages of pentacene semiconductor chip.

Resistive RAM (ReRAM) Materials: Introduction, synthesis of TiO₂-RAM nanomaterial by sol-gel method, properties and its applications.

Display Systems: Introduction, liquid crystals (LCs)- classification, properties and its applications in Liquid Crystal Displays (LCDs), construction, working principle and applications of LEDs, OLEDs, Active Matrix Organic Light Emitting Diodes (AMOLEDs) and Quantum Light Emitting Diodes (QLEDs).

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-2 Quantum Materials and Polymers

Quantum Dots: Introduction, size dependent properties -quantum confinement effect, surface-to-volume ratio & band gap, synthesis and applications of Cd-Se Quantum dots by wet chemical method, quantum dot sensitized solar cells (QDSSCs)-construction, working principle and applications.

Polymer: Introduction, molecular weight of polymers - number and weight average molecular weight of polymers, numerical problems, structure-property relationship of polymers, synthesis and properties of nylon-12 advantages in 3D printing applications, synthesis and properties of PVC and PMMA for device applications.

Conducting polymers- Introduction, synthesis of polyaniline, conduction mechanism and its engineering applications.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-3 Sustainable Chemistry for Energy Devices

Batteries: Introduction, basic overview of Nernst equation, concentration cell and numerical problems, classification of batteries, construction, working and applications of Li-Ion battery.

Next-Generation Energy Systems: Introduction, construction and working of sodium ion battery and redox flow battery for EV applications. Construction and working of ultra-small asymmetric super capacitor and its applications in IoT/wearable devices.

Clean Energy Chemistry: Introduction, fuel cell, difference between fuel cell and battery, construction, working principle, applications and limitations of solid-oxide fuel cell (SOFCs) and solar photovoltaic cell (PV cell). Production of green hydrogen by photocatalytic water splitting using TiO₂ method and its advantages.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-4 Chemical Sensors and Corrosion Control

Sensors: Introduction, terminologies- Transducer, Actuators and Sensors, working principle and applications- conductometric sensor and colorimetric sensor, electrochemical gas sensors for the detection of NO_x & SO_x in air sample, Biosensor-principle and working mechanism for detection of glucose in biofluids.

Corrosion: Introduction, electrochemical theory of corrosion, types-differential metal and differential aeration corrosion, corrosion control- Galvanization and anodization, vapour corrosion inhibitors for protecting computer circuit boards, corrosion penetration rate (CPR)- definition, importance and numerical problems.

Number of Hours: **08**

Module-5 Green Materials and E-Waste Management

Green Chemistry: Introduction, properties and applications of green solvents for server heat management, biosynthesis and properties of glycerol trioleate ester for server and IT infrastructure applications. Green synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles for magnetic Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) & Internet of Nano Things (IONT) system applications

Biomaterials: Introduction, synthesis and properties of polylactic Acid (PLA) and polyethylene glycol (PEG) for touch screen applications, synthesis and properties of Alginate Hydrogel for Brain-Computer Interfaces (BCIs) applications.

E-waste: Introduction, sources, composition of e-waste, effects of e-waste on environment and human health, Artificial intelligence in e-waste management and its applications, extraction of gold from e-waste by bioleaching method, direct recycling method of lithium-ion batteries.

Number of Hours: **08**

PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC

FIXED SET OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Estimation of total hardness of water by EDTA method.
2. Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD) of industrial effluent sample.
3. Estimation of iron in TMT bar by diphenyl amine indicator method.
4. Determination of alkalinity of given boiler water sample.
5. Green synthesis of copper nanoparticles for conductive ink applications.
6. Estimation of acid mixture by conductometric sensor (Conductometry).
7. Estimation of iron in rust sample by Potentiometric sensor (Potentiometry).
8. Determination of pKa of vinegar using pH sensor (Glass electrode).
9. Estimation of copper present in e-waste by optical sensor (Colorimetry).
10. Smartphone-Based colorimetric estimation of total phenolic content in coffee products.
11. Data analysis of pKa of a weak acid and its interpretation using origin software.
12. Chemical structure drawing using software: Chem Draw/ Chem Sketch.

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):**Text books:**

1. Engineering Chemistry, Suba Ramesh, Vairam, Ananda Murthy, 2011, Wiley India, ISBN: 9788126519880.
2. Engineering Chemistry, Shubha Ramesh et.al., Wiley India, 1st Edition, 2011, ISBN: 9788126519880.
3. Chemistry For Engineering Students by Dr B S Jai Prakash , Prof R Venugopal, Dr Shivakumaraiah.

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Semiconducting Materials and Devices-Deepak Verma, ISBN: 978 9394777712,
2. Organic Thin Film Transistor Applications: Materials to Circuits-Brajesh K. Kaushik et al. ISBN 10: 9781498736534
3. High Quality Liquid Crystal Displays and Smart Devices – Ishihara, Kobayashi & Ukai (2019,IET), ISBN: 9781785619397
4. Quantum Dots and Polymer Nanocomposites: Synthesis, Chemistry, and Applications- yotishkumar Parameswaranpillai, Poushali Das, Sayan Ganguly, Publisher: CRC Press, 2022,ISBN 13: 978 1032210148
5. Green Carbon Quantum Dots: Environmental Applications; Vijay Kumar, Pardeep Singh, Devendra Kumar Singh (India), Springer Nature Singapore, Oct 2024, ISBN 13: 978 9819762026.
6. Conducting Polymers, Fundamentals and Applications: Including Carbon Nanotubes and Graphene: Prasanna Chandrasekhar (IIT Delhi alumnus), Springer, 2019 (2nd ed.), ISBN 13: 978 3030098858.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://youtu.be/1TGTvQbMIlc>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IzWONUYlQ5E&t=56s>
3. <https://youtu.be/3j0jLuOs0v4>
4. <https://youtu.be/CeZxn8CyM6Q>
5. <https://youtu.be/om0gppRTKoU>
6. https://youtu.be/_ubwkG7uCFA
7. <https://youtu.be/0EokkhdppgE?si=L6Znx5yXYjI9EVLw>
8. <https://youtu.be/hT2yCPnNEoI>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EE35ICGthR8>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/live/CMylb58vd4Q>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YsZcSnqV9lg>
12. <https://youtu.be/xrsK9FUdvRE?si=prlzf7fRocxxygJr>
13. <https://youtu.be/OEDapr-9lNE?si=CydVhq3d5ffzdXUC>
14. <https://youtu.be/QNKPaZkWC9Q?si=PyI4sQUL75340I9i>
15. <https://youtu.be/0Citdpy92EE>
16. <https://youtu.be/zaNdJ9I21YA>

17. <https://youtu.be/YAW7nMf8j0A>
18. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FXGNQqdRBzc>
19. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KvmqgAYO0MI>
20. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SvIrAFDHOLc>
21. <https://youtu.be/kUCVBhSka2Q>
22. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ic5TEuKxj8M>
23. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ATn92XwdgC4>
24. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ldlniZfA2X4>
25. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C0K1XRT1myg>
26. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iVcSgej7-K8>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Project-Based Learning (PBL): Students gain knowledge by working on complex, real-world projects over time.

Example: Building prototypes, developing community solutions, research presentations.

2. Flipped Classroom: Students learn theoretical content at home (videos, readings) and engage in problem solving or discussions in class.

Assessment Structure:

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each).

The CIE Theory component will be 30 marks and CIE Practical component will be 20 marks.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for 25 marks and Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA) for 5 marks. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for 15 marks through rubrics and for lab tests will be for 5 marks.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 30 marks**, i.e., **12 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure a **minimum of 40% of 20 marks**, i.e., **08 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure a **minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- A student is deemed to have **successfully completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments(CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 5 marks. It is recommended to include any one learning activity aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. This activity should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- 5)

CIE Practical component:

The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report using a defined set of rubrics. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 30 marks. The summation of all the experiments marks to be scaled down to 15 marks.

The laboratory test (duration 03 hours) at the end of the last week of the semester /after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 5 marks. For laboratory test, the student is required to conduct one experiment each from both **Part A and Part B**.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Provides a comprehensive and insightful analysis of the structural, electrical, and optical properties of functional materials, with advanced applications in memory and display technologies.	Analyzes key properties of functional materials and explains their applications in memory and display systems.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of material properties and gives general applications in memory or display technologies.	Shows limited analysis of material properties; applications in memory and display systems are mentioned with minimal explanation.	Fails to analyze properties or applications of functional materials in memory and display technologies
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates deep and clear understanding of the properties, behavior, and technological relevance of quantum materials and polymers.	Shows solid understanding of key concepts related to quantum materials and polymers.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of quantum materials and polymers.	Shows limited or unclear understanding of quantum materials or polymers.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of quantum materials and polymers.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Effectively applies sustainable chemistry principles with innovative approaches to the design and development of energy storage and conversion devices.	Applies key sustainable chemistry principles in the development of energy storage and conversion systems.	Demonstrates basic application of sustainable chemistry concepts; shows general understanding of their role in energy device.	Provides minimal application of sustainable chemistry, weak link to energy storage and conversion devices.	Fails to apply sustainable chemistry principles; no relevance to energy storage or conversion device.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates advanced ability to design and critically evaluate chemical sensors and corrosion control methods with clear applicability to both industrial and environmental systems.	Clearly designs and evaluates chemical sensors and corrosion control methods, showing appropriate understanding of their industrial and environmental relevance.	Shows basic design and evaluation of chemical sensors or corrosion control methods with limited application details and minimal technical depth.	Provides minimal or unclear design or evaluation; weak understanding of applications in industrial or environmental contexts.	Fails to design or evaluate relevant sensors or corrosion control methods; lacks understanding of industrial and environmental applications
Performance Indicator 5 (CO5 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6, PO11)	Thoroughly assesses a wide range of green materials and proposes innovative, effective strategies for e-waste reduction and management.	Clearly evaluates green materials and implements appropriate strategies for e-waste reduction and management with a solid understanding of sustainability concerns.	Demonstrates a basic assessment of green materials and outlines general e-waste management strategies, though lacking in depth.	Shows limited understanding of green materials or provides weak strategies for e-waste reduction with minimal practical relevance.	Fails to assess green materials or suggest meaningful e-waste management strategies & lacks awareness of sustainability.

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Provides a comprehensive and insightful analysis of the structural, electrical, and optical properties of functional materials, with advanced applications in memory and display technologies.	Analyzes key properties of functional materials and explains their applications in memory and display systems.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of material properties and gives general applications in memory or display technologies.	Shows limited analysis of material properties; applications in memory and display systems are mentioned with minimal explanation.	Fails to analyze properties or applications of functional materials in memory and display technologies
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates deep and clear understanding of the properties, behavior, and technological relevance of quantum materials and polymers.	Shows solid understanding of key concepts related to quantum materials and polymers.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of quantum materials and polymers.	Shows limited or unclear understanding of quantum materials or polymers.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of quantum materials and polymers.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Effectively applies sustainable chemistry principles with innovative approaches to the design and development of energy storage and conversion devices.	Applies key sustainable chemistry principles in the development of energy storage and conversion systems.	Demonstrates basic application of sustainable chemistry concepts; shows general understanding of their role in energy device.	Provides minimal application of sustainable chemistry, weak link to energy storage and conversion devices.	Fails to apply sustainable chemistry principles; no relevance to energy storage or conversion device.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates advanced ability to design and critically evaluate chemical sensors and corrosion control methods with clear applicability to both industrial and environmental systems.	Clearly designs and evaluates chemical sensors and corrosion control methods, showing appropriate understanding of their industrial and environmental relevance.	Shows basic design and evaluation of chemical sensors or corrosion control methods with limited application details and minimal technical depth.	Provides minimal or unclear design or evaluation; weak understanding of applications in industrial or environmental contexts.	Fails to design or evaluate relevant sensors or corrosion control methods; lacks understanding of industrial and environmental applications
Performance Indicator 5 (CO5 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6, PO11)	Thoroughly assesses a wide range of green materials and proposes innovative, effective strategies for e-waste	Clearly evaluates green materials and implements appropriate strategies for e-waste reduction and management with a solid understanding	Demonstrates a basic assessment of green materials and outlines general e-waste management strategies, though lacking in depth.	Shows limited understanding of green materials or provides weak strategies for e-waste reduction with minimal practical relevance.	Fails to assess green materials or suggest meaningful e-waste management strategies & lacks awareness of sustainability.

	reduction and management.	of sustainability concerns.			
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Rubrics for SEE / CIE Test:

Performance Indicator (CO/PO Mapping)	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator 1 (CO1 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Provides a comprehensive and insightful analysis of the structural, electrical, and optical properties of functional materials, with advanced applications in memory and display technologies.	Analyzes key properties of functional materials and explains their applications in memory and display systems.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of material properties and gives general applications in memory or display technologies.	Shows limited analysis of material properties; applications in memory and display systems are mentioned with minimal explanation.	Fails to analyze properties or applications of functional materials in memory and display technologies
Performance Indicator 2 (CO2 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates deep and clear understanding of the properties, behavior, and technological relevance of quantum materials and polymers.	Shows solid understanding of key concepts related to quantum materials and polymers.	Demonstrates a basic understanding of quantum materials and polymers.	Shows limited or unclear understanding of quantum materials or polymers.	Fails to demonstrate understanding of quantum materials and polymers.
Performance Indicator 3 (CO3 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO6, PO11)	Effectively applies sustainable chemistry principles with innovative approaches to the design and development of energy storage and conversion devices.	Applies key sustainable chemistry principles in the development of energy storage and conversion systems.	Demonstrates basic application of sustainable chemistry concepts; shows general understanding of their role in energy device.	Provides minimal application of sustainable chemistry, weak link to energy storage and conversion devices.	Fails to apply sustainable chemistry principles; no relevance to energy storage or conversion device.
Performance Indicator 4 (CO4 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO5, PO11)	Demonstrates advanced ability to design and critically evaluate chemical sensors and corrosion control methods with clear applicability to both industrial and environmental systems.	Clearly designs and evaluates chemical sensors and corrosion control methods, showing appropriate understanding of their industrial and environmental relevance.	Shows basic design and evaluation of chemical sensors or corrosion control methods with limited application details and minimal technical depth.	Provides minimal or unclear design or evaluation; weak understanding of applications in industrial or environmental contexts.	Fails to design or evaluate relevant sensors or corrosion control methods; lacks understanding of industrial and environmental applications
Performance Indicator 5 (CO5 - PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4, PO6,	Thoroughly assesses a wide range of green materials and	Clearly evaluates green materials and implements appropriate	Demonstrates a basic assessment of green materials and outlines general e-	Shows limited understanding of green materials or provides weak	Fails to assess green materials or suggest meaningful e-waste

PO11)	proposes innovative, effective strategies for e-waste reduction and management.	strategies for e-waste reduction and management with a solid understanding of sustainability concerns.	waste management strategies, though lacking in depth.	strategies for e-waste reduction with minimal practical relevance.	management strategies & lacks awareness of sustainability.
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Suggested rubrics for Practical continuous assessment:

Performance Indicators	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Satisfactory
Fundamental Knowledge (4) (PO1)	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the course (4)	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to course (3)	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge(2)	Student has not understood the concepts clearly (1)
Design Of Experiment (5) (PO2 & PO3)	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason (5)	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best(4)	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and demerits(3)	Student is capable of explaining the design (1-2)
Implementation (8) (PO3 & PO8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm considering optimal solution. (7-8)	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable algorithm and should be capable of explaining it (5-6)	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation.(3-4)	Student is capable of implementing the design. (1-2)
Result & Analysis (5) (PO4)	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis. (5)	Student will be able to run the program for all the cases.(4)	Student will be able to run the code for few cases and analyze the output(3)	Student will be able to run the program but not able to analyze the output(1-2)
Demonstration (8) (PO9)	The lab record is well-organized, with clear sections (e.g., Introduction, Method, Results, Conclusion). Transitions between sections are smooth. (7-8)	The lab record is organized, with clear sections, but some sections are not well-defined. (5-6)	The lab record lacks clear organization or structure. Some sections are unclear or incomplete. (3-4)	The lab record is poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections. (1-2)

Note: Can add Engineering & IT tool usage based on the nature of the course

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

Introduction to AI and Applications		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BAIA103/203	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	3	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course outcome (Course Skill Set)			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to: CO1: Explain the concepts and types of artificial intelligence. CO2: Illustrate basic machine learning methods for regression, classification and clustering. CO3: Identify real-world applications across different disciplines. CO4: Make use of prompt engineering techniques to interact with generative AI tools. CO5: Outline recent trends in artificial intelligence and machine learning.			
Module-1			
Introduction to Artificial Intelligence: Artificial Intelligence, How Does AI Work?, Advantages and Disadvantages of Artificial Intelligence, History of Artificial Intelligence, Types of Artificial Intelligence, Weak AI, Strong AI, Reactive Machines, Limited Memory, Theory of Mind, Self-Awareness, Is Artificial Intelligence Same as Augmented Intelligence and Cognitive Computing, Machine Learning and Deep Learning.			
Machine Intelligence: Defining Intelligence, Components of Intelligence, Differences Between Human and Machine Intelligence, Agent and Environment, Search, Uninformed Search Algorithms, Informed Search Algorithms: Pure Heuristic Search, Best-First Search Algorithm (Greedy Search).			
Knowledge Representation: Introduction, Knowledge Representation, Knowledge-Based Agent, Types of Knowledge.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (1.1-1.5), Chapter 3 (3.1-3.7.2), Chapter 4 (4.1-4.4)		Number of Hours: 08	
Module-2			
Introduction to Prompt Engineering, Introduction to Prompt Engineering, The Evolution of Prompt Engineering, Types of Prompts, How Does Prompt Engineering Work?, Comprehending Prompt Engineering's Function in Communication, The Advantages of Prompt Engineering, The Future of LLM Communication.			
Prompt Engineering Techniques for ChatGPT, Introduction to Prompt Engineering Techniques, Instructions Prompt Technique, Zero, One, and Few Shot Prompting, Self-Consistency Prompt.			
Prompts for Creative Thinking: Introduction, Unlocking Imagination and Innovation.			
Prompts for Effective Writing: Introduction, Igniting the Writing Process with Prompts.			
Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 3, 4 & 5		Number of Hours: 08	
Module-3			
Machine Learning: Techniques in AI, Machine Learning Model, Regression Analysis in Machine Learning, Classification Techniques, Clustering Techniques, Naïve Bayes Classification, Neural Network, Support Vector Machine (SVM).			
Textbook 1: Chapter 2 (2.1-2.8)		Number of Hours: 08	
Module-4			
Trends in AI: AI and Ethical Concerns, AI as a Service (AIaaS), Recent trends in AI, Expert System, Internet of Things, Artificial Intelligence of Things (AIoT).			
Textbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.1, 8.2, 8.4), Chapter 9 (9.1- 9.3)		Number of Hours: 08	

Module-5	
Robotics, Robotics-an Application of AI, Drones Using AI, No Code AI, Low Code AI.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.3), Chapter 1 (1.7, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11)	
Industrial Applications of AI: Application of AI in Healthcare, Application of AI in Finance, Application of AI in Retail, Application of AI in Agriculture, Application of AI in Education, Application of AI in Transportation, AI in Experimentation and Multi-disciplinary research.	
Textbook 3: Chapter 3, Chapter 5 (5.1)	
Number of Hours: 08	
Suggested Learning Resources: (Textbook/ Reference Book/ Manuals):	
Textbooks: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reema Thareja, Artificial Intelligence: Beyond Classical AI, Pearson Education, 2023. 2. Ajantha Devi Vairamani and Anand Nayyar, Prompt Engineering: Empowering Communication, 1st Edition, CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2024. (DOI: https://doi.org/10.1201/9781032692319). 3. Saptarsi Goswami, Amit Kumar Das and Amlan Chakrabarti, "AI for Everyone – A Beginner's Handbook for Artificial Intelligence", Pearson, 2024. 	
Reference books / Manuals: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, <i>Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach</i> (4th Edition), Pearson Education, 2023. 2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, and Shivashankar B. Nair, <i>Artificial Intelligence</i>, McGraw Hill Education. 3. Tom Taulli, <i>Prompt Engineering for Generative AI: ChatGPT, LLMs, and Beyond</i>, Apress, Springer Nature. 4. Nilakshi Jain, <i>Artificial Intelligence: Making A System Intelligent</i>, First Edition, Wiley. 	
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Elements of AI – https://www.elementsofai.com 2. CS50's Introduction to Artificial Intelligence with Python – Harvard https://cs50.harvard.edu/ai/ 3. Google Machine Learning Crash Course – https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course 4. Learn Prompting (Open-Source Guide) – https://learnprompting.org 5. Google AI – Learn with Google AI https://ai.google/education/ 6. Coursera – Machine Learning by Andrew Ng (Stanford University) https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning 7. OpenAI Prompt Engineering Guide (for ChatGPT) https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/gpt-best-practices 8. Prompt Engineering for Developers – DeepLearning.AI + OpenAI https://www.deeplearning.ai/short-courses/chatgpt-prompt-engineering-for-developers/ 9. Ethics in AI – Google Responsible AI Practices https://ai.google/responsibilities/responsible-ai-practices/ 10. Google Teachable Machine (Train AI models visually without code) https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com 	
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):	
The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Flipped Classroom - Problem-Based Learning (PBL) - Case-Based Teaching 	

- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Tool Demonstration

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course outcomes and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: Practical Assignment on Creating Effective Prompts (Marks- 25)**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. Students must demonstrate the solutions to the course instructor and submit the record containing prompt creation (procedure), prompt execution and results with observations.
2. Course instructor must evaluate the student performance as per the rubrics.

Sl. No	Activity on Creating Effective Prompts
Note: To conduct the activity students can use any of the AI tools such as ChatGPT.	
1	Basic Prompt writing: Create two different prompts to ask an AI about the topic "Electricity." The first prompt should be vague, and the second prompt should be clear and specific. Compare the responses you get and describe which prompt gave a better answer and why.
2	Zero-Shot Prompting: Create a prompt that asks an AI to explain Ohm's Law without giving any example or background. Evaluate how well the AI explains the concept based on your prompt alone.
3	One-Shot and Few-Shot Prompting: Provide the AI with a single example of how to calculate the resistance in a simple circuit. Then write your own prompt asking the AI to solve a similar resistance calculation. After that, add two more examples to your prompt and observe any changes in the AI's response quality.
4	Chain-of-Thought Prompting: Develop a prompt that guides the AI step-by-step through calculating current flow in a circuit using Ohm's Law with resistors in series. Then, ask a final question for the AI to solve. Analyze how breaking down the reasoning steps impacts the accuracy of the answer.
5	Prompt Refinement: Start with an ambiguous prompt related to the "Water Cycle." Test the AI's response, note the confusion or errors, and then refine your prompt to make it clearer and more specific. Repeat this process twice and record how the AI's responses improve with each refinement. Role-Based Prompting: Create three prompts asking the AI to explain "Newton's Laws of Motion," each with a different role instruction: (a) as an expert engineer, (b) as a high school teacher, (c) as a beginner. Compare the tone, detail, and style of the responses.
6	Creative Engineering Problem Prompts: Craft a prompt that asks the AI to brainstorm ideas for designing a low-cost water purification system suitable for rural areas. Encourage creativity by adding phrases like " limited resources " and " sustainability ".

7	Ethical Prompt Design Discussion: Identify a biased prompt related to job descriptions (e.g. language with respect to a gender). Rewrite the prompt to remove bias and create a neutral, inclusive version. Explain why this revision is more ethical.
8	Simulated Customer Support Chatbot: Develop a prompt that instructs the AI to play the role of a technical support agent helping a customer troubleshoot a failure in an electronic circuit. Include instructions to keep the tone friendly and professional and to ask diagnostic questions.
9	Multi-Language Prompting: Develop a prompt that asks the AI to translate a simple engineering glossary (5 technical terms) from English to your native language. Then modify the prompt to request additional explanations of these terms in the translated language.
10	Review a curated set of different prompt types (e.g., for summarization, information extraction, paraphrasing, question answering) from a “Prompt Gallery.” For each prompt type, match it with a real-world task (e.g., summarizing a lecture note, extracting names from a project report). Test at least three prompt templates on an AI tool or by role-play (students simulate being the AI), with varied wording. Record the outcomes and discuss which prompt (or template) was most effective for each task, and explain why you think it worked best. Reflect on how changing small parts of a prompt can alter model response quality, completeness, or accuracy.
11	Choose a real engineering challenge or societal problem relevant to your field (e.g., “Reducing plastic waste in campus cafeterias” or “Optimizing solar panel placement on campus rooftops”). Draft an initial prompt that asks an AI to propose practical solutions. Share the AI’s (or peer’s) answer in small groups and identify aspects that are missing, vague, or not actionable. Refine your prompt based on feedback (e.g., specify constraints, ask for step-by-step solutions, or require a list of pros and cons). Repeat the process one more time, refining again for further clarity or specificity. Document the entire prompt-refinement process and share the best solution generated, along with a brief analysis of how prompt improvements led to better responses.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Creating Effective Prompts):

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Appropriate Use of Prompting Technique [C04] [P01, P05]	Demonstrates precise and creative application of the intended prompting technique (e.g., zero-shot, few-shot, role-based) with full alignment to objectives.	Correctly applies the prompting technique with minor gaps or missed opportunities.	Uses the prompting technique, but with partial understanding or inconsistent application.	Limited understanding of the technique; incorrect or weak application.	No evidence of correct prompting technique use.
Analysis & Comparison of Responses [C01] [P02, P04]	Provides thorough, insightful, and well-supported analysis of AI responses, comparisons highlight key strengths and weaknesses.	Provides clear analysis with relevant comparisons, though slightly less detailed.	Provides basic analysis with limited insight, comparisons are present but shallow.	Minimal analysis, comparisons are weak or incomplete.	No meaningful analysis or comparison.
Creativity & Problem-Solving [C03, C05] [P03, P011]	Demonstrates outstanding creativity and innovation in crafting prompts, especially for problem-solving or design tasks.	Demonstrates creativity and some innovation; solutions are practical.	Shows moderate creativity; prompts are functional but not innovative.	Minimal creativity; prompts are repetitive or unimaginative.	No creativity or problem-solving is evident.
Ethical Awareness & Inclusivity [C0-5] [P07]	Identifies biases clearly and revises prompts to be fully ethical, inclusive, and culturally sensitive.	Identifies some biases and revises prompts to improve inclusivity.	Attempts bias identification, but revisions are incomplete or partly effective.	Minimal effort is made to address bias; inclusivity not fully considered.	No consideration of bias or ethics is used in prompts.
Clarity & Specificity of Prompts, Documentation & Reflection [C01, C04] [P08, P09, P011]	Prompts are self-explanatory, specific, and well-structured for the intended activity; no ambiguity is present. Documentation is complete, well-organized, and includes deep reflection on improvements across iterations.	Prompts are clear and mostly specific; minor ambiguity is present. Documentation is complete with some reflection on prompt refinement.	Prompts are somewhat clear but could be more specific; moderate ambiguity. Documentation is present but lacks detail or depth in reflection.	Prompts are vague and lack clarity; high ambiguity. Incomplete documentation, reflection is minimal.	Prompts are unclear, incomplete, or irrelevant to the activity. No documentation or reflection provided as per schedule

Introduction to Electronics and Communication Engineering		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BESC104C/204C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course outcome (Course Skill Set)			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
<div><div>1. Analyse basic electronic circuits using the principles of rectifiers, voltage regulators, and amplifiers.</div><div>2. Analyse the behaviour of analog circuits including oscillators and operational amplifiers in signal generation and conditioning applications.</div><div>3. Illustrate the fundamental concepts of analog and digital modulation techniques based on their characteristics and suitability for communication systems.</div><div>4. Interpret the structure and functionality of embedded systems and digital logic components such as microcontrollers, sensors, and logic gates.</div><div>5. Apply number system conversions and Boolean algebra to design and implement basic combinational logic circuits.</div></div>			
Module-1			
Power Supplies: Block Diagram, Rectifiers, Reservoir and Smoothing Circuits, Improved Ripple Filters, Full Wave Rectifiers, Bi Phase Rectifiers Circuits, Bridge Rectifier Circuits, Voltage Regulators, Output Resistance and Voltage Regulation, Voltage Multipliers, (Only Voltage Doubler) Switched Mode Power Supplies.			
Amplifiers: Types of Amplifiers, Gain, Input and Output Resistance, Frequency Response, Bandwidth, Phase Shift, Negative Feedback.			
Text 1: Page No: 117-128, 139-146		Number of Hours:8	
Module-2			
Oscillators: Positive Feedback, Condition for Oscillations, Ladder Network Oscillator, Wein Bridge Oscillator, Single-Stage Astable Oscillator, Crystal Controlled Oscillators (Only Concepts, Working, and Waveforms. No Mathematical Derivations)			
Operational Amplifiers: Operational Amplifier Parameters, Operational Amplifier Characteristics, Operational Amplifier Configurations, Operational Amplifier Circuits.			
Text 1: Page No:179-186, 165-169, 171-175		Number of Hours:8	
Module-3			
Analog Communication Schemes: Introduction, Modern Communication System Scheme: Information Source and Input Transducer, Transmitter, Channel or Medium, Noise, Receiver, Concept of Modulation, Concept of Radio Wave Propagation (Ground, Space, Sky), Types of Communication Systems.			
Modulation Schemes: Amplitude Modulation, Angle Modulation, Advantages of Digital Communication Over Analog Communication, Multiplexing, Digital Modulation Schemes: ASK, FSK, PSK, (Explanation with Waveform)			
Text 2: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.9, 1.12, 1.15, 2.2.1, 3.2.1, 6.1, 6.11, 6.12, 6.13, 6.15, 6.16.		Number of Hours:8	
Module-4			
Embedded Systems: Definition, Embedded Systems Vs General Computing Systems, Classification of Embedded Systems, Major Application Areas of Embedded Systems, Purpose of an Embedded System, Core of The Embedded System: Microprocessors, GPP Vs ASIP, Microcontrollers, Microprocessor Vs Microcontroller, DSP, RISC V/S CISC, Memory: ROM, Sensors, Actuators, LED, 7-Segment LED Display.			
Text 3: 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 2.1.1.1-2.1.1.6, 2.2.1, 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 2.3.3.1, 2.3.3.2.		Number of Hours:8	
Module-5			
Boolean Algebra and Logic Circuits: Binary Numbers, Number Base Conversion- Binary, Decimal And Octal and Hexa Decimal Numbers and Vice-Versa, Complements-1's and 2's, Basic Definitions, Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Canonical and Standard Forms, Digital Logic Gates.			
Combinational Logic: Introduction, Design Procedure, Adders- Half Adder, Full Adder.			
Text 4: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.7, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3.		Number of Hours:8	

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book)

1. Mike Tooley “Electronic Circuits Fundamentals & Applications,” 5th Edition, Elsevier, 2020.
2. S L Kakani and Priyanka Punglia, ‘Communication Systems’, 1st Edition, New Age International Publisher, 2017.
3. K V Shibu, ‘Introduction to Embedded Systems’, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India), Private Limited, 2019.
4. Digital Logic and Computer Design, M. Morris Mano, Pearson Education, 2017, ISBN-978-93-325- 4252-5.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122106025>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105132>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods)

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Lecture method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but a different type of teaching method may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Show Video/animation films to explain the functioning of various analog and digital circuits.
3. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students’ Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
4. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
5. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.

Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE):

CCE will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity 1: (Marks 25): Two assignments (for 10marks and 15marks) related to simulation of simple circuits (using any simulation tool such as LTSpice, KICad etc.), at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels, assignment reports should include circuit design, schematic, and simulation results.

Rubrics for Assignment

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Demonstrates an Understanding of Simulation Environment – 5 marks	Explains simulation concepts clearly, accurately, and with insightful connections (5)	Explains simulation concepts accurately with minor gaps in detail (4)	Shows basic understanding of simulation concepts but lacks depth or has some inaccuracies (3)	Understanding is limited, with frequent errors or confusion (2)	Shows little or no grasp of the simulation concepts (2)
Able to Apply Laws/Equations and Correct Methodology – 10 marks	Applies laws/equations flawlessly with correct and efficient methodology (10)	Applies laws/equations correctly with minor methodological lapses (9)	Applies laws/equations partially correctly; some steps or logic missing (7)	Frequent errors in applying laws/equations or methodology (5)	Unable to apply laws/equations or follow correct methodology (3)
Performs Accurate Calculations and Provides precise Answers – 10 marks	All calculations and simulations are accurate; answers precise and in correct format/units (10)	Minor calculation and simulation errors; answers mostly precise and correctly formatted (9)	Some correct calculation/simulations but noticeable errors; precision inconsistent (7)	Frequent calculations/simulation errors; answers often imprecise or incomplete (6)	Calculations/Simulations mostly incorrect; answers missing or irrelevant (3)

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- **Learning Activity -1:** Course Project
- **Learning Activity -2:** Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- **Learning Activity -3:** Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- **Learning Activity -4:** Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- **Learning Activity -5:** Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggest Innovative Deliver Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom

- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play

PYTHON PROGRAMMING		Semester	I/II
Course Code	1BPLC105B/205B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy (Theory and Lab hours)	40 + 24 (Practical)	Total Marks	100
Credits	4	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Course outcome (Course Skill Set)			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to: CO1: Develop scripts using primitive language constructs of python. CO2: Identify the methods to manipulate primitive python data structures. CO3: Make use of Python standard libraries for programming. CO4: Build scripts for performing file operations. CO5: Illustrate the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.			
Module-1			
The way of the program: The Python programming language, what is a program? What is debugging? Syntax errors, Runtime errors, Semantic errors, Experimental debugging. Variables, Expressions and Statements: Values and data types, Variables, Variable names and keywords, Statements, Evaluating expressions, Operators and operands, Type converter functions, Order of operations, Operations on strings, Input, Composition, The modulus operator. Iteration: Assignment, Updating variables, the for loop, the while statement, The Collatz 3n + 1 sequence, tables, two-dimensional tables, break statement, continue statement, paired data, Nested Loops for Nested Data. Functions: Functions with arguments and return values. Chapters: 1.1-1.7, 2.1-2.12, 3.3, 4.4, 4.5 <div>Number of Hours:8</div>			
Module-2			
Strings: Working with strings as single things, working with the parts of a string, Length, Traversal and the for loop, Slices, String comparison, Strings are immutable, the in and not in operators, A find function, Looping and counting, Optional parameters, The built-in find method, The split method, Cleaning up your strings, The string format method. Tuples: Tuples are used for grouping data, Tuple assignment, Tuples as return values, Composability of Data Structures. Lists: List values, accessing elements, List length, List membership, List operations, List slices, Lists are mutable, List deletion, Objects and references, Aliasing, cloning lists, Lists and for loops, List parameters, List methods, Pure functions and modifiers, Functions that produce lists, Strings and lists, list and range, Nested lists, Matrices. Chapter: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 <div>Number of Hours: 8</div>			
Module-3			
Dictionaries: Dictionary operations, dictionary methods, aliasing and copying. Numpy: About, Shape, Slicing, masking, Broadcasting, dtype. Files: About files, writing our first file, reading a file line-at-a-time, turning a file into a list of lines, Reading the whole file at once, working with binary files, Directories, fetching something from the Web. Chapter: 5.4, 6.1-6.5, 7.1-7.8 <div>Number of Hours:8</div>			
Module-4			

<p>Modules: Random numbers, the time module, the math module, creating your own modules, Namespaces, Scope and lookup rules, Attributes and the dot Operator, Three import statement variants.</p> <p>Mutable versus immutable and aliasing</p> <p>Object oriented programming: Classes and Objects — The Basics, Attributes, Adding methods to our class, Instances as arguments and parameters, Converting an instance to a string, Instances as return values.</p> <p>Chapter: 8.1-8.8, 9.1, 11.1</p>	Number of Hours: 8
Module-5	
<p>Object oriented programming: Objects are mutable, Sameness, Copying.</p> <p>Inheritance: Pure functions ,Modifiers, Generalization, Operator Overloading, Polymorphism.</p> <p>Exceptions: Catching Exceptions, Raising your own exceptions.</p> <p>Chapter: 11.2.2-11.2.4, 11.3.2-11.3.9, 12.1, 12.2</p>	Number of Hours:8
PRACTICAL COMPONENTS OF IPCC	
PART – A: FIXED SET OF EXPERIMENTS	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Develop a python program to read 2 numbers from the keyboard and perform the basic arithmetic operations based on the choice. (1-Add, 2-Subtract, 3-Multiply, 4-Divide). b. Develop a program to read the name and year of birth of a person. Display whether the person is a senior citizen or not. 2. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Develop a program to generate Fibonacci sequence of length (N). Read N from the console. b. Write a python program to create a list and perform the following operations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inserting an element • Removing an element • Appending an element • Displaying the length of the list • Popping an element • Clearing the list 3. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Read N numbers from the console and create a list. Develop a program to print mean, variance and standard deviation with suitable messages. b. Read a multi-digit number (as chars) from the console. Develop a program to print the frequency of each digit with a suitable message. 4. Develop a program to print 10 most frequently appearing words in a text file. [Hint: Use a dictionary with distinct words and their frequency of occurrences. Sort the dictionary in the reverse order of frequency and display the dictionary slice of the first 10 items. 5. Develop a program to read 6 subject marks from the keyboard for a student. Generate a report that displays the marks from the highest to the lowest score attained by the student. [Read the marks into a 1-Dimesional array and sort using the Bubble Sort technique]. 6. Develop a program to sort the contents of a text file and write the sorted contents into a separate text file. [Hint: Use string methods strip(), len(), list methods sort(), append(), and file methods open(), readlines(), and write()]. 	

7. Develop a function named DivExp which takes TWO parameters a, b, and returns a value c ($c=a/b$). Write a suitable assertion for $a>0$ in the function DivExp and raise an exception for when $b=0$. Develop a suitable program that reads two console values and calls the function DivExp.
8. Define a function that takes TWO objects representing complex numbers and returns a new complex number with the sum of two complex numbers. Define a suitable class 'Complex' to represent the complex number. Develop a program to read N ($N \geq 2$) complex numbers and to compute the addition of N complex numbers.
9. Text Analysis Tool: Build a tool that analyses a paragraph: frequency of each word, longest word, number of sentences, etc.
10. Develop Data Summary Generator: Read a CSV file (like COVID data or weather stats), convert to dictionary form, and allow the user to run summary queries: max, min, average by column.
11. Develop Student Grade Tracker: Accept multiple students' names and marks. Store them in a list of tuples or dictionaries. Display summary reports (average, topper, etc.).
12. Develop a program to display contents of a folder recursively (Directory) having sub-folders and files (name and type).

Suggested Learning Resources: (Text Book/ Reference Book/ Manuals):

Text books:

1. Peter Wentworth, Jeffrey Elkner, Allen B. Downey and Chris Meyers- How to think like a computer scientist: learning with python 3. Green Tea Press, Wellesley, Massachusetts, 2020
<https://media.readthedocs.org/pdf/howtothink/latest/howtothink.pdf>

Reference books / Manuals:

1. Al Sweigart, "Automate the Boring Stuff with Python, 2nd Edition: Practical Programming for Total Beginners", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2022. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at <https://automatetheboringstuff.com/>)
2. Kyla McMullen, Elizabeth Matthews and June Jamrich Parsons, Programming with Python, Cengage, 2023.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

<https://www.learnbyexample.org/python/>

<https://www.learnpython.org/>

<https://pythontutor.com/visualize.html#mode=edit>

Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods):

The following are sample strategies that educators may adopt to enhance the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process and facilitate the achievement of course outcomes.

1. Chalk and talk
2. PPT presentation
3. Demonstration
4. Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
5. Case-Based Teaching

Assessment Structure:

The assessment for each course is equally divided between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each component carrying **50% weightage** (i.e., 50 marks each). The CIE Theory component will be 25 marks and CIE Practical component will be 25 marks.

The CIE Theory component consists of IA tests for 25 marks and Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA) for 5 marks. The CIE Practical component for continuous assessments will be for 15 marks through rubrics and for lab tests will be for 5 marks.

- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE theory component**, a student must score at least **40% of 30 marks**, i.e., **12 marks**.
- To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE Practical component**, a student must secure a **minimum of 40% of 20 marks**, i.e., **08 marks**.
- To pass the **SEE**, a student must secure a **minimum of 35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
- A student is deemed to have **successfully completed the course** if the **combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 5 marks. It is recommended to include any one learning activity aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. This activity should align with course outcomes and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- 5)

Students must identify a real-life scenario and develop a Python-based solution using fundamental programming constructs/Data structures (Below given are the sample examples).

1. E.g.: Banking System: Simulate bank accounts using classes. Implement deposit, withdraw, and balance check using class methods. Create your own utility module.
2. E-commerce Cart System: Build a class Product, extend it with Electronics, Clothing using inheritance. Create a Cart class. Handle errors like invalid quantity using custom exceptions.
3. Smart Attendance System: Use file I/O to maintain logs, dictionaries for student info, and exception handling for invalid entries.
4. Develop/Simulate snake and ladder game by choosing suitable data structures of Python.

CIE Practical component:

The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report using a defined set of rubrics. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 30 marks. The summation of all the experiments marks to be scaled down to 15 marks.

The laboratory test (duration 03 hours) at the end of the last week of the semester /after completion of all the experiments (whichever is early) shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 5 marks. For laboratory test, the student is required to conduct one experiment each from both Part A and Part B.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

Note: Marks obtained (25) is scaled down to 5.

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Identification of real-life problem and its relevance [C01] [P02]	Clearly defined and contextually relevant problem; innovative approach	Relevant and well-described problem	Partially relevant with limited context	Vague or not fully relevant problem	No identifiable or valid problem
Use of primitive constructs (variables, loops, functions, conditionals) [C01] [P01]	All constructs used correctly with proper logic and flow	Most constructs used properly	Basic constructs applied with some errors	Minimal construct usage with logical flaws	Incorrect or missing constructs
Manipulation of Python data structures (lists, tuples, dictionaries, sets) [C02] [P01]	Effective and optimized usage of Data Structures	Mostly appropriate usage	Some usage with basic understanding	Incorrect or limited use	Not used or misused entirely
Use of standard libraries and file operations (if applicable) [C03, C04] [P05]	Libraries and file operations used correctly and meaningfully	Minor issues in usage	Limited or partially correct use	Attempted but faulty implementation	Not attempted or irrelevant
Code structure, modularity, and documentation [C04] [P09, P011]	Modular, structured code with comments and output samples	Structured code with basic documentation	Limited comments or unclear structure	Poor documentation and readability	No documentation, disorganized code

Rubrics for CIE – Continuous assessment:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Outstanding (5)	Exceeds Expectations (4)	Meets Expectations (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge: Understanding the problem statement [C01-5] [P01, P02]	The student has in depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem. Student is able to completely understand the problem definition.	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem. Student is able to understand the problem definition.	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge and the problem definition.	Student has not understood the concepts partially. Student is able to partially understand the problem definition	Student has not understood the concepts and the problem definition clearly.
Design of algorithm/flow chart and program [C01-5] [P02, P03]	Student is capable of discussing more than one design for his/her problem statement and capable of proving the best suitable design with proper reason.	Student is capable of discussing few designs for his/her problem statement but not capable of selecting best.	Student is capable of discussing single design with its merits and de-merits.	Student is capable of explaining the design.	Student is capable of explaining the design partially.
Implementation (Program coding) with suitable tools [C01-5] [P05, P08]	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure considering optimal solution/optimal efficiency.	Student is capable of implementing the design with best suitable language structure and should be capable of explaining it.	Student is capable of implementing the design with proper explanation.	Student is capable of implementing the design.	Student is capable of implementing the design with errors.
Program debugging and testing with suitable tools [C01-5] [P05, P08]	Student is capable to compile and debug the program with no errors (syntax, semantic and logical).	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with full understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with partial understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with no understanding of error descriptions.	Student is able to compile and debug the program with errors (syntax, semantic and logical) and rectified errors with assistance.
Results & interpretation /analysis [C01-5] [P04]	Student is able to run the program on various cases and compare the result with proper analysis.	Student is able to run the program for all the cases.	Student is able to run the code for few cases and analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to analyze the result.	Student is able to run the program but not able to verify the correctness of the result.
Demonstration and documentation [C01-4] [P08, P09, P011]	Demonstration and lab record is well-organized, with clear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is organized, with clear sections, but some	Demonstration and lab record lacks clear organization or structure. Some sections are	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing or unclear sections.	Demonstration and lab record is poorly organized, with missing sections. Record

	The record is well structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	sections are not well-defined. The record is structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	unclear or incomplete. The record is partially structured with formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	The record is not properly structured with suitable formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).	not submitted on time. The record is not structured with minimum formatting (e.g: font, spacing, labelling of figures and tables, equations numbered and etc).
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Rubrics for CIE Test:

Component & CO-PO Mapping	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Fair (3)	Marginal (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Fundamental Knowledge (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO1]	The student has well depth knowledge of the topics related to the problem & course	Student has good knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student has average knowledge of some of the topics related to problem & course	Student is capable of narrating the answer but not capable to show in depth knowledge	Student has not understood the concepts clearly
Understanding of problem definition (1) [CO1, CO2] [PO2]	Student is able to completely understand the problem definition	Student is able to understand the problem definition but not clearly	Student has a basic understanding of the problem definition that is partial or superficial	Student is able to Shows minimal or unclear understanding of the problem definition	Student is not able to understand the problem definition
Design and Implementation (3) [CO1, CO2] [PO3]	Student is capable of design and implementing with best suitable construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing with some construct for the given problem definition	Student is capable of design and implementing the core part of the construct for the given problem definition	Student is partially capable of design and implementing with some algorithm for the given problem definition	Student is not capable of design and implementing
Result & Analysis (2) [CO1, CO2] [PO4]	Student is able to run the program on various data inputs and compare the result with proper inference.	Student will be able to run the program on various data inputs and fair knowledge in comparing the result with proper inference	Student will be able to run the code for few data/datasets and analyze the output.	Student will be able to run the code for few data inputs but not analyze the output.	Student will be not able to run the program and not able to analyze the result.
Communication (Viva voce) (2) [CO3] [PO8, PO9]	Good Verbal & nonverbal communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Good verbal Communication skills with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with precise and correct terminologies/ answers.	Average Communication but with imprecise and incorrect terminologies/ answers	Poor Communication (Minimal interaction/answers)

COMMUNICATION SKILLS		Semester	I / II
Course Code	1BENG106/206	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	15 hours +15 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Examination type (CIE+SEE)			

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** Build essential verbal, non-verbal, and phonetic communication skills for clarity and effectiveness.
- **CO2:** Use interpersonal skills in group discussions, presentations, and professional interactions.
- **CO3:** Apply formal writing, email etiquette, and creative content development for employability.
- **CO4:** Communicate effectively in digital platforms, following netiquette and academic integrity.
- **CO5:** Prepare job applications, resumes, and perform confidently in interviews.

UNIT 1 COMMUNICATION SKILLS (3 Hours)

Glimpses of Essential English for Engineers (General Overview). Communication Skills: Process, Verbal and Non-Verbal, Proxemics, Chronemics and Barriers. **Writing:** Word Classification – Parts of Speech, Sentence structures. **Speaking & Listening:** Listening to English Pronunciation – English Phonemes – Intelligible Accent – Speech Organs- Syllable Structures, Stress, Intonation, and Practice.

Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) & Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quiklrn.com
Digital Tools	ALL 44 sounds of English in 75 minutes - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QxQUapA-2w4&t=51s . AI-based grammar and writing tools (e.g., Grammarly, ChatGPT, Quillbot) to analyze and classify parts of speech. AI-based pronunciation tools (Google Speech-to-Text) for real-time feedback
Reading Material	“ The Chimney Sweeper ” by William Blake Martin Luther King Jr's “I Have a Dream” Speech
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Role Play: Formal/informal scenarios, Group Discussion (GD) , Case Studies Analysis: Identify barriers and suggest solutions, Mini-Presentation: Focused on proxemics. Observation Rubric (for body language, tone, time cues), (Sample Rubric, please refer the annexure), Video Recording + Self-evaluation Sheet.

UNIT 2 INTERPERSONAL SKILLS (3 Hours)

Speaking: Role Play Exercises Based on Workplace Contexts, Introducing Oneself - PEP Talks- Personal Empowerment, Participating in Group Discussion and Debates, Giving Technical Presentation. **Reading:** Reading the Interview of an Achiever (Skimming and Scanning) (Case Studies). **Writing:** Writing a Short Biography of an Achiever Based on given reflections, **Grammar:** Sentence patterns. **Vocabulary Development:** Idioms and Phrases.

Teaching Methodology	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) & Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quiklrn.com
Digital Tools	Google Meet / Zoom + AI Transcription- Practice group discussions with live transcription. Grammarly - Highlights grammar issues with explanations. Oxford Learner's Dictionaries (https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/) - Includes etymology, pronunciation, synonyms/antonyms.
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Group discussion performance (listening, turn-taking, clarity) Technical presentations (confidence, structure, clarity) Role plays (relevance, tone, spontaneity) Case Studies Oral communication rubric (clarity, relevance, tone, confidence, non-verbal cues), Activity: Read a short interview of an achiever (e.g., A. P. J. Abdul Kalam, Sudha Murthy) LMS (Learning Management Systems): Moodle or Google Classroom for submissions and reflections. Video Submissions: Students submit videos of role plays or presentations for asynchronous review.

UNIT 3 ENGLISH FOR EMPLOYABILITY (3 Hours)

Writing: Formal Letter writing (Enquiry, Order, and Complaint). Tenses – Reported Speech-Voice - Email Etiquettes, Structure, Writing and Responding to Emails. Paragraph Writing (Descriptive, Argumentative, Expository, Short Story, and Narrative), Blog Writing. **Reading:** Proof Reading (Spelling, Punctuation, Grammar). Error Identification Exercises. **Speaking:** Questions & Requests (non-Wh questions and Question tags).

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) & Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quiklrn.com
Digital Tools	Grammarly – Check grammar, tone, spelling Canva – Free templates to create posters, ads, infographics Adobe Express – Visual storytelling and ad design
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Paragraph Writing - Descriptive, Argumentative, Expository, Short Story, Narrative - Paragraph rubric (structure, logic, vocabulary, grammar) Writing - Tool: Digital submission + rubric for content originality, reader engagement, clarity. Speaking Skills - Oral assessment rubric (intonation, clarity, accuracy) Email simulator (Google Forms/Canvas/Docs template)

UNIT 4 ENGLISH IN DIGITAL WORLD (3 Hours)

Writing: Framing of search terms / keywords in search engines/ Commands for search on open AIs - Tools to support synchronous communication such as webinar platforms, and asynchronous communication such as forums and social media - Online communication - Types – pros and cons of online communication. Acceptable online roles and behaviours – Netiquettes - Etiquettes of social media. Problems and opportunities in handling digital resources -Tools to check grammar. **Writing:** Citing information accurately from source material - Plagiarism – Infringement, Importance of academic integrity.

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) & Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quiklrn.com
Digital Tools	Google Meet - Integrated with Gmail, free for students Google Classroom - Forum, assignments, comments
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Write a short essay (150–200 words) on the problems and opportunities . Evaluation rubric (structure, coherence, grammar). Grammar assessment rubric (before vs after comparison, understanding of corrections).

UNIT 5 APPLYING FOR JOBS (3 Hours)

Listening: TED Talks. **Speaking:** Mock Interview, Telephone Interviews. **Reading:** Reading a Job Interview- language used in formal professional settings, formal vs. informal tone, non-verbal communication cues, Statement of Purpose, Company Profile and Completing Comprehension Exercises **Writing:** Job Applications and Resumes **Grammar:** Conditional Clauses, Modal verbs **Vocabulary Development:** Technical Vocabulary, Purpose Statement.

Pedagogy	TBTL (Task-Based Teaching Learning) & Eclectic Approach
Language Lab	Quiklrn.com
Assessment Techniques and Tools	Listening to professional talks, analyzing tone and structure - https://www.ted.com/talks Non-verbal cues in professional reading - https://www.youtube.com/c/Mindsight Grammar AI practice - https://quillbot.com/grammar-check
Assessment Techniques and Tools	TED Talk worksheet - Listening rubric (comprehension, inference, note-taking), Reading comprehension tests, Resume & Application rubric (content, layout, tone, language), Grammar MCQs / Editing worksheet, Scenario-based MCQs or roleplay, Vocabulary worksheet

Extra Reading

1. Kumar, A. R. (2008). *English for engineers and technologists*. Orient BlackSwan.

2. Raman, M., & Sharma, S. (2015). *Technical communication: Principles and practice* (3rd ed.). Oxford University Press.
3. Floyd, K., & Cardon, P. W. (2019). *Business and professional communication* (3rd ed.). Principles of Scientific and Technical Writing, 1e, By Pratap K. J. Mohapatra, Sanjib Moulick, © 2025 | Published: December 23, 2024
4. Effective Technical Communication, 3e, By Ashraf M. Rizvi, Priyadarshi Patnaik, © 2024 | Published: September 12, 2024
5. Yadav, D. P. (2022). *A course in English pronunciation*. Notion Publications.

Learning Resources:

- Oxford Advance Learners Dictionary
- Cambridge English Skills Real Listening and Speaking by Miles Craven
- Communicative English for Professionals by Nitin Bhatnagar and Mamta Bhatnagar

Other Digital Resources

- Google Docs + Voice Typing - <https://docs.google.com>
- LearnEnglish – <https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/>
- TakeIELTS - <https://www.britishcouncil.in/exam/ielts>
- British Council Apps - **bbcLearnEnglishonline Grammar**
LearnEnglish Podcasts
IELTS Word Power
Bbclearningenglishgrammer online
Sounds Right (Phonemic Chart)

CURRICULUM DESIGN

Pronunciation Phonology in the upper secondary English curriculum includes: diphthongs, consonants, consonant clusters, word stress, strong and weak forms of pronunciation, ellipsis, assimilation, linking, sentence stress, rhythm and intonation.

Vocabulary. The target vocabulary of around 600-800 vocabulary items at level 3. Upon completion of the unit, students must know around 2,500 vocabulary items.

Grammar Communicative competences at level 3 including relative clauses, conditional sentences (type 1 and 2), compound and complex sentences, simple present, present continuous, present perfect, past simple, past continuous, past perfect, future simple, future continuous, near future, conjunctions, modal verbs, phrasal verbs, passive voice, etc.

SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Themes	Topics	Communicative Competences	Linguistic Knowledge
Our Academic Journey	Transition from school to engineering college Choosing an engineering discipline Student life and academic challenges	Listening Understand and identify the main points of dialogues, monologues of 330-350 words on familiar topics regularly encountered in life, work, school, etc., within the scope of the curriculum. Follow simple instructions such as recipes, how to use common utensils, etc. Listen and guess meanings (through the expressions and feelings of the speakers) in familiar monologues and conversations in everyday life	Pronunciation Diphthongs Words with stress (special cases) – Words without stress Sentence stress, assimilation, linking vowels with vowels Question intonation (consolidation and extension) Homophones
Our Technical Society	Role of engineers in society Ethics in engineering Impact of technology on social structures Interdisciplinary collaboration	Understand the main points of news programs, broadcasts, interviews, etc., on familiar topics which are clearly delivered in simple language, and with illustrative images.	Vocabulary Words related to themes and topics of higher proficiency. Grammar Present perfect (consolidation and extension) Past simple and past continuous Types of sentences: simple, compound and complex
Our Built and Natural Environment Our Future Innovations	Artificial intelligence and automation Emerging technologies in engineering Lifelong learning and professional development Entrepreneurship and start-ups in engineering The future of work in the tech-driven world		

Speaking

- Pronounce clearly and relatively accurately
- Words with or without stress, sentence stress, assimilation, and liaison.
- Speak and interact with fellow speakers about familiar topics, express personal views and exchange information about the topics covered in the curriculum.

Reading

- Read and comprehend the main points, specific contents of a text of 380-400 words on current and familiar topics.
- Read and understand the argument flow of texts, identify main conclusions in texts using clear language.
- Read to find and summarize short texts of everyday use such as simple letters, brochures, using words and structures from the original texts.

Writing

- Write simple connected and coherent texts of 280-300 words; write short reports based on suggestions, providing factual information and reasons for the recommendations made in the reports; collect short information from several sources and summarize it.
- Complete (write/fill) administrative forms such as resumes, letter of application for employment, etc.
- Write composition texts

Upon successful completion of the upper secondary English curriculum, students will be able to:

- Use English as a communication tool through the four skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing to meet basic and practical communication needs on familiar topics related to college, recreational activities, career, etc.
- Continue to formulate and develop basic knowledge of English, including pronunciation, vocabulary and grammar; and through English, have more extensive understanding of the landscape, people and culture of English-speaking countries and other countries in the world.
- Use English to improve the quality of learning other subjects in the general education curriculum.
- Use English for further education or immediate employment upon completion level 6.
- Use a variety of learning strategies to manage learning time, apply information technology in learning and self-learning, consolidate self-learning and self-assessment

methodology and take responsibility for learning outcomes, and form lifelong learning habits.

Mapping Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes:

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes*											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1									1	3		2
2										3		2
3										3		2
4									1	3		2
5									1	3		2

Course Assessment and Evaluation:

		What	To Whom	When/ Where (Frequency in the course)	Max Marks	Evidence Collected	Contributing to Course Outcomes
Indirect assessment Methods	CIE	Internal assessment tests	Students	Two Tests (Average of the two will be computed)	25	Blue books/Answer Scripts	1 to 5
		Creative writing	Students	Assignment-1 (10) Assignment-2 (15)	15+10=25	Quiz Projects Presentations Assignment Questions and Answers	1 to 5
		Case Analysis	Students	-----	-----	-----	-----
		Surprise Quiz		-----	-----	-----	-----
	SEE	Standard examination Students Feedback	Students	End of course (Answering 5 of 10 questions), 10 Case Studies 10 MCQs	30+10+10	Answer scripts Feedback Forms	1 to 5
		End of course Survey		End of course	-	Questionnaire	-

Questions for CIE and SEE will be designed to evaluate the various educational components (Bloom's taxonomy) such as:

CIE and SEE Evaluation:

SL. No	Bloom's Category	Test 1	Test 2	Semester-End Examination
1	Remember	34%	34%	30%

2	Understand	55%	20%	30%
3	Apply	00%	23%	20%
4	Analyse	11%	00%	10%
5	Evaluate	00%	00%	00%
6	Create	00%	23%	10%

Course Assessment Methods:

- Continuous Assessment of Skills: Assignments/Quiz/Presentations/Projects
- Written Tests
- End Semester Examination

Sample Rubric for Presentation

Criteria	Excellent (2)	Good (1)	Needs Work (0)
Self-awareness	✓	✓	✓
Goal clarity	✓	✓	✓
Communication & delivery	✓	✓	✓
Insight into opportunities	✓	✓	✓
Realistic challenges	✓	✓	✓

Sample Rubric

Grammar & Writing Rubric (for Essays/Reports/Emails)

Criteria	Excellent (5)	Good (4)	Satisfactory (3)	Needs Improvement (1-2)
Clarity and Structure	Well-organized, coherent, clear transitions	Organized with minor lapses in clarity	Understandable but lacks coherence	Difficult to follow, lacks structure
Language Use	Professional, precise, varied vocabulary	Clear, mostly appropriate language	Some awkward phrasing or repetitive vocabulary	Frequent errors, unclear language
Grammar and Punctuation	Virtually no errors	Few minor errors	Several errors affecting readability	Multiple errors impacting readability
Relevance & Depth	Thorough, detailed analysis	Solid analysis with minor gaps	Basic analysis, lacks depth	

Model Question Paper

Course – Communication Skills

- i) Answer the 10 marks MCQ compulsory questions from Part A. Each question carries one mark.
- ii) Answer compulsory 10 marks case study questions Part B.
- iii) Answer any five questions from Part C selecting one question from each unit. 6 marks each.

Q. No.	PART-A	CO's	LO	Marks
	Multiple choice questions. (Compulsory)			
1.	Choose the correct option for the following.	CO1-5	LO1	10X1=10
	a. What is the primary purpose of communication in engineering? A) To entertain B) To inform and collaborate C) To confuse others D) To express personal opinions			
	b. Which of the following is considered a barrier to effective communication? A) Clear articulation B) Technical jargon C) Active listening D) Open-ended questions			
	c. In terms of English pronunciation, which of the following is true for engineers? A) Pronunciation is not important in technical communication. B) Clear pronunciation is essential for avoiding misunderstandings. C) Engineers should only focus on writing skills. D) Accents should be completely eliminated.			
	d. How many syllables are in the word "engineering"? A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5			
	e. Which of the following prepositions correctly completes the sentence: "The report is due _____ Friday"? A) in B) on C) at D) for.			
	f. What is the past tense of the verb "to communicate"? A) Communicate B) Communicating C) Communicated D) Communicates			
	g. Which of the following is an example of mother tongue influence in English communication? A) Using idiomatic expressions B) Mispronouncing words due to native language sounds C) Employing technical vocabulary correctly D) Using varied sentence structures			
	h. In reading comprehension, which skill is most important for engineers when reviewing technical documents? A) Skimming for general ideas B) Memorizing all details C) Scanning for specific information D) Ignoring unfamiliar technical terms			
	i. Which of the following vocabulary words is most relevant to project management? A) Ambiguous B) Deadline C) Casual D) Informal			
	j. When using tenses, which sentence is correct? A) The engineer designs the project last year. B) The engineer design the project next year. C) The engineer will design the project next year. D) The engineer designed the project next year.			

Part – B (Co1-5) L3					
Case Studies (2 × 5 = 10 Marks) (Answer both the questions. Each carry 5 marks.)					
<p>Case Study 1 – Communication Barriers You are working in a multinational company where your team includes members from different cultural backgrounds. During a meeting, some members misinterpret instructions due to differences in communication styles and accents.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify at least three barriers to communication in this scenario. • Suggest three solutions to overcome them. <p>Case Study 2 – Workplace Scenario In a technical presentation, a student uses too many slides filled with text, speaks in a monotonous tone, and rarely makes eye contact with the audience.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the issues with the presentation delivery. • Suggest improvements for verbal and non-verbal communication. 					
PART-C Answer ANY FIVE questions selecting ONE full question from each unit. (6X5=30)					
UNIT – I					
1.		How can engineers ensure that their communication is considerate of the diverse backgrounds of their team members? Give two strategies you would implement.	CO1	LO ₂	(6)
2.		How do interpersonal skills complement technical skills in the engineering field? Provide examples of how these skills can work together in a project.	CO1	LO ₂	(6)
UNIT – II					
3.		How does incorrect intonation impact the meaning of a sentence in technical discussions or job interviews? Illustrate with examples.	CO2	LO ₂	(6)
4.		Discuss the role of intelligible pronunciation in making communication clearer. Identify English sounds that are often mispronounced by non-native.	CO2	LO ₂	(6)
UNIT – III					
5.		Use the following idioms with their figurative meanings and construct workplace place -related sentences:	CO3	LO6	(6)
		a. Hit the nail on the head b. Back to the drawing board c. In hot water d. Think outside the box e. A blessing in disguise f. Burn the midnight oil			
6.		Complete the sentences by filling in the blanks with suitable prepositions and articles. a. The team submitted the proposal _____ manager before the end of the day. b. She placed the confidential file _____ desk in the conference room.	CO3	LO2	(6)

	<p>c. Our office is located _____ corner of Main Street and Park Avenue.</p> <p>d. He arrived _____ meeting room just a few minutes late.</p> <p>e. We will launch the new product _____ second quarter of the financial year.</p> <p>f. There was an error _____ final report, which needs immediate correction.</p>			
UNIT – IV				
7.	<p>Complete the sentences by forming the correct word (noun, verb, adjective, or adverb) from the word given in brackets.</p> <p>a. The manager gave a very _____ presentation on the new project. (<i>inform</i>)</p> <p>b. His _____ in the final decision was minimal. (<i>involve</i>)</p> <p>c. The engineers worked _____ to meet the product launch deadline. (<i>efficient</i>)</p> <p>d. The software update led to a significant _____ in system performance. (<i>improve</i>)</p> <p>e. She handled the client's complaint with great _____. (<i>professional</i>)</p> <p>f. Innovation and creativity are key to _____ in a competitive market. (<i>succeed</i>)</p>	CO4	LO2	(6)
8.	<p>Fill in the blanks with the correct tense of the verb in brackets.</p> <p>a. By the time the meeting started, the manager _____ (prepare) all the necessary documents.</p> <p>b. I _____ (work) on this report since morning, and I still have two sections to complete.</p> <p>c. The team _____ (complete) the task before the deadline yesterday.</p> <p>d. While we _____ (discuss) the new project, the client walked in unexpectedly.</p> <p>e. She usually _____ (respond) to emails within an hour.</p> <p>f. If the supplier delivers on time, we _____ (be) ready for the launch next week.</p>	CO4	LO2	(6)
UNIT – V				
9.	Identify three common challenges engineers face during oral presentations and propose practical strategies to overcome them.	CO5	LO2	(6)
10.	How can voice modulation and body language enhance the effectiveness of a public speech in a technical seminar? Give examples.	CO5	LO2	(6)

Indian Constitution and Engineering Ethics			
Course Code	1BICO107/207	CIE Marks	100
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	---
Total Hours of Pedagogy	01Hours/Week	Total Marks	100
Credits	00	Exam Hours	-
Course objectives: This course will enable the students <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To know about the basic structure of the Indian Constitution. 2. To know the Fundamental Rights (FRs), DPSP's, and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution. 3. To know about our Union Government, political structure & codes, and procedures. 4. To know the State Executive & Elections system of India. 5. To learn the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution. 			
Teaching-Learning Process These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching –Learning more effective: Teachers shall adopt suitable pedagogy for effective teaching - learning process. The pedagogy shall involve the combination of different methodologies which suit modern technological tools. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Direct instructional method (Low/Old Technology), (ii) Flipped classrooms (High/advanced Technological tools), (iii) Blended learning (Combination of both), (iv) Enquiry and evaluation based learning, (v) Personalized learning, (vi) Problems based learning through discussion. Apart from conventional lecture methods, various types of innovative teaching techniques through videos, animation films may be adapted so that the delivered lesson can progress the students In theoretical applied and practical skills.			
Module - 1			
Introduction to Indian Constitution: The Necessity of the Constitution, The Societies before and after the Constitution adoption. Introduction to the Indian constitution, The Making of the Constitution, The Role of the Constituent Assembly. The Preamble of Indian Constitution & Key concepts of the Preamble. Salient features of India Constitution.			
Module - 2			
FR's, FD's and DPSP's: Fundamental Rights and its Restriction and limitations in different Complex Situations. Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP) and its present relevance in our society with examples. Fundamental Duties and its Scope and significance in Nation building.			
Module - 3			
Union Executive : Parliamentary System, Union Executive – President, Prime Minister, Union Cabinet, Parliament - LS and RS, Parliamentary Committees, Important Parliamentary Terminologies. Supreme Court of India, Judicial Reviews and Judicial Activism.			
Module - 4			
State Executive & Elections, Amendments and Emergency Provisions: State Executive, Election Commission, Elections & Electoral Process. Amendment to Constitution (How and Why) and Important Constitutional Amendments till today. Emergency Provisions.			
Module-5			
Professional Ethics: Ethics & Values. Types of Ethics. Scope & Aims of Professional & Engineering Ethics. Positive and Negative Faces of Engineering Ethics. Clash of Ethics, Conflicts of Interest. The impediments to Responsibility. Trust & Reliability in Engineering, IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights), Risks, Safety and liability in Engineering.			
Course outcome (Course Skill Set) : At the end of the course the student will be able to :			
C01	Analyse the basic structure of Indian Constitution.		
C02	Remember their Fundamental Rights, DPSP's and Fundamental Duties (FD's) of our constitution.		
C03	know about our Union Government, political structure & codes, procedures.		
C04	Understand our State Executive & Elections system of India.		
C05	Remember the Amendments and Emergency Provisions, other important provisions given by the constitution.		

Assessment Structure:

The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage.

1. To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the **CIE**, a student must score at least **40% of 50 marks**, i.e., **20 marks**.
2. To pass the **SEE**, a student must score at least **35% of 50 marks**, i.e., **18 marks**.
3. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have **passed the course**, provided the combined total of **CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks**.

Continuous Comprehensive Assessments (CCA):

CCA will be conducted for a total of 25 marks. It is recommended to include a maximum of two learning activities aimed at enhancing the holistic development of students. These activities should align with course objectives and promote higher-order thinking and application-based learning.

Learning Activity -1: (Marks- __)

Learning Activity -2 (optional): (Marks- __)

Suggested Learning Resources:**Textbook:**

1. **“Constitution of India” (for Competitive Exams)** - Published by Naidhruva Edutech Learning Solutions, Bengaluru. – 2022.
2. **“Engineering Ethics”**, M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan, V.S.Senthilkumar, Prentice –Hall, 2004.

Reference Books:

1. **“Samvidhana Odu”** - for Students & Youths by Justice HN Nagamohan Dhas, Sahayana, kerekon.
2. **“Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights”** by Shubham Singles, Charles E. Haries, and et al: published by Cengage Learning India, Latest Edition – 2019.
3. **“Introduction to the Constitution of India”**, (Students Edition.) by Durga Das Basu (**DD Basu**): Prentice –Hall, 2008.
4. **“The Constitution of India”** by Merunandan K B: published by Merugu Publication, Second Edition, Bengaluru.

Rubrics for Learning Activity (Based on the nature of learning activity, design the rubrics for each activity):

	Superior	Good	Fair	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Performance Indicator- 1 (CO/PO Mapping)					
Performance Indicator-2 (CO/PO Mapping)					
...					
Performance Indicator-n (CO/PO Mapping)					

Suggested Learning Activities may include (but are not limited to):

- Course Project
- Case Study Presentation
- Programming Assignment
- Tool/Software Exploration
- Literature Review
- Open Book Test (preferably at RBL4 and RBL5 levels)
- GATE-based Aptitude Test
- Assignment (at RBL3, RBL4, or RBL5 levels)
- Any other relevant and innovative academic activity
- Use of MOOCs and Online Platforms

Suggested Innovative Delivery Methods may include (but are not limited to):

- Flipped Classroom
- Problem-Based Learning (PBL)
- Case-Based Teaching
- Simulation and Virtual Labs
- Partial Delivery of course by Industry expert/ industrial visits
- ICT-Enabled Teaching
- Role Play



VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI

“Jnana Sangama” Macche Belagavi - 590018

Innovation & Design Thinking Lab		Semester	1
Course Code:	1BIDTL158	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	2 (Full day of Saturday may be allotted)	Total Marks	100
Credits	1	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Practical/Presentation/Seminar		
Course Outcome (Course Skill Set) -			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:			
<div><div>1. Empathize with community problems and define meaningful challenges.</div><div>2. Apply design thinking principles and multidisciplinary skills to develop user-centric solutions.</div><div>3. Build and test basic prototypes using tools available in the Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Makers Space.</div><div>4. Pitch socially relevant ideas with scalable models.</div><div>5. Collaborate effectively in diverse teams.</div></div>			
Week 1, 2 & 3: Orientation and Team Formation			
Week -1&2: Introduction to Social Entrepreneurship, Innovation and Design Thinking Group discussion on What is Innovation vs Invention . Why Design Thinking is important. Brief about 5 stages : Empathize – Define – Ideate – Prototype – Test.			
Week -3: Innovation warm-up activities, forming interdisciplinary teams, Instructions about Next week activities			
Week 4-5: Empathy and Field Exploration			
Week-4&5: Field (any public places of student’s interest Eg- Village, Government Office, Industry. R&D institute, NGO etc) visits, stakeholder interviews and interaction. Recording all interaction through handwritten in activity book prescribed by the University.			
Week 6, 7 and 8: Problem Definition			
Week-6: Documentation, categorization and Group discussion on interactions and problems/challenges.			
Week-7&8: Problem framing using “How Might We” approach, Identification of social problems and user insights through affinity Clustering and Problem Tree. Mention of clearly defined challenge statements.			
Week 9, 10 &11: Ideation Sprint			
Week-9&10: Presentation by teams on Defined Problems, Brainstorming interactions and Mind Mapping.			
Week-10: Idea Filtering - Shortlist of creative, eco -friendly and feasible ideas. Selection of one Suitable IDEA for next process, Designing/Structuring of Prototype model.			



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Week 12, 13 &14: Rapid Prototyping using Atal Idea Lab/Makers Space
Week-12&13: Building low-fidelity and working models using tools like Arduino, 3D printers,; Digital fabrication, electronics kits and recycled materials
Week-14: User testing, Feedback collection, Iteration - Observation Notes, Feedback Forms (Designing a business model for impact and scalability, if possible) Preparation of Draft of social venture plan
Week 15 &16: Final Demo and Social Pitch
<i>Innovation showcase, Poster display, Project pitching to jury</i>
<i>Presentation of the project with impact with assessment, prototype, and sustainability plan</i>
Teaching-Learning Process (Innovative Delivery Methods)
1.Activity Based Learning
2.Group discussion, Presentations.
3. one faculty member shall be assigned to group of 60 students or one division.
4. Each group shall contain Min. 10 and Max. 15 students.
5. Nature of the group shall be multidisciplinary. (Group shall be formed by selecting students from all branches)
Assessment Structure: The assessment in each course is divided equally between Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and the Semester End Examination (SEE), with each carrying 50% weightage. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• To qualify and become eligible to appear for SEE, in the CIE, a student must score at least 40% of 50 marks, i.e., 20 marks.• To pass the SEE, a student must score at least 35% of 50 marks, i.e., 18 marks. Notwithstanding the above, a student is considered to have passed the course , provided the combined total of CIE and SEE is at least 40 out of 100 marks .



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Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) –

**CIE Marks allocation Parameters for Social Entrepreneurship, Innovation & Design
Thinking using Atal Idea/Tinkering Lab or Maker Space**

CIE Parameters (50 Marks)

Sl. No.	CIE Component/Week	Marks	Description
1	Orientation Activities & Communication Skills	5	Participation in Week 1–3 orientation, communication and teamwork skill-building exercises.
2	Empathy & Field Exploration Documentation	10	Quality and completeness of field visit reflections, stakeholder interviews, and activity book.
3	Problem Definition and Framing	10	Clarity of challenge statements, use of “How Might We”, Affinity Mapping, Problem Trees.
4	Ideation & Mind Mapping	5	Participation in brainstorming, mind mapping, idea filtering sessions.
5	Prototype Development & Iteration	10	Quality and creativity of prototype/model, user testing, feedback collection, iterations.
6	Final Presentation & Pitch	5	Project pitching, poster presentation, storytelling and scalability model.
7	Teamwork, Journal, and Engagement	5	Peer and mentor evaluation of participation, teamwork, journal updates.
8	Total CIE marks	50	Final CIE marks to be considered

***Minimum to Qualify for SEE: 20 out of 50 in CIE**



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Semester End Examination (SEE) -

SEE to be conducted in batches where the students will exhibit their projects along with the presentation and Viva -voce. - 100 Marks

“SEE shall be conducted by one Internal and one External Examiner”

Sl. No.	Evaluation Parameter	Marks	Details
1	Prototype / Solution Demonstration	30	Working functionality, creativity, use of lab tools, relevance to the problem.
2	Final Presentation / Social Pitch	20	Clarity, storytelling, problem-solution fit, communication, visual aids.
3	Business Model or Sustainability Plan	10	Feasibility, cost-effectiveness, scalability, and alignment with SDGs.
4	Viva Voce	20	Individual understanding, contribution, tools used, learning outcomes.
5	Documentation Report / Portfolio	20	Project report, reflection, team activity log, stakeholder input summaries.

Submission Requirements:

- Handwritten activity book with CIE marks and Final project report (Typed or Handwritten).
- Final presentation ppt/pdf (hard and soft copy).
- Prototype or working model [physical or conceptual (shall be drawn/sketched clearly on card sheet paper)].
- Peer/team feedback and reflection entries (if applicable).